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COMMENT OF THE DAY

Soviets & Germany

MR Anthony Eden has given several public assurances that he is making a close and careful study of the latest Soviet proposals for a German peace treaty. It is important that the Foreign Secretary should make a detailed analysis of the Russian note before committing himself to quotable observations inasmuch as the Soviets have come along with a number of variations to their original conception of what should constitute the basic terms of a peace treaty for Germany. One new emphasis is German unity. A year ago Russia gave the impression that she did not consider unification of Germany of paramount importance; now she advocates discussion by the Big Four of "conditions conducive to the speediest formation of an all-German Government," which will "express the will of the people." But the most significant change in the Russian attitude is that relating to the rearming of Germany. Last year the Soviets were insisting on the complete demilitarisation of Germany. Now they propose that Germany should be permitted sufficient land, air and sea forces for the defence of the country. The proposals are bound to have a popular appeal to the German mind, for they envisage the removal of almost all restrictions on German sovereignty. Still absent from the Russian note, however, is any direct reference to free elections—a condition on which West Germany has set its heart.

It is this point, in fact, over which the Western Powers are certain to take issue with the Russians. It is the argument of Britain, France and the United States, and subscribed to by West Germany, that without free elections throughout the country there can be no all-German Government. Whatever the general tenor of the Western Powers' reply to the Soviet Note, it can be taken for granted that due emphasis will be placed on Russia's failure to offer any definite commitment on the question of free elections. Furthermore the Western allies will probably desire assurances that Russia has no intention of dragging into any future Four Power discussions issues other than those relating to Germany. For example the existence of the North Atlantic Treaty Alliance and American bases outside Germany. These were two subjects over which the Russians waxed wroth at the Paris conferences last year, and the injection of which caused the discussions to be broken off without any progress being made towards finding an agreeable basis for a draft peace treaty. It is impossible at this point to be satisfied about the true designs of Russia in putting forward her latest proposals—or how sincere she is. All that can be acknowledged at the moment is that the Soviets have made a new approach and signified a willingness to give consideration to factors which hitherto they have dismissed as alien to any German peace treaty. The note, therefore, deserves the careful consideration which Mr Eden says it is receiving at the hands of the Western Powers.

Divorce For Hedy

Hollywood, Mar. 17. Actress Hedy Lamarr received an uncontested interlocutory divorce today from her fourth husband, silent film owner Ted Shaffer. —United Press

RESERVATIONS TO

JAP TREATY PROPOSED

Seek Protection Of Sovereignty

Washington, Mar. 17. Two Republican Senators today proposed nine reservations to the Japanese peace treaty and the related Pacific defence pacts.

Senators William Jenner and Margaret Chase Smith submitted the reservations which they said would preserve the sovereignty of the United States and Japan.

Senator Jenner told the Senate that without the reservations the treaties would transfer the control of military establishment from the Congress to the President and allow him to transfer it to another sovereign power—the United Nations.

He asked his fellow Senators to vote against the treaty unless reservations were adopted, otherwise they would "let a strange new flag wave over American soldiers and sailors in the Pacific waters, so recently stained with American blood."

Four of the reservations would be related to the peace treaty, three to the security treaty between the United States and the Philippines, Australia and New Zealand.

One reservation proposed for all of the treaties would stipulate that nothing in the pact would limit the rights of the United States as a sovereign power to control its own foreign policy and military forces and domestic affairs.

For treaties concerning Japan, this reservation added that the pacts would not impose any "continuing limitation" on full Japanese sovereignty.

PRESERVING CLAIMS
Another reservation would maintain Japanese or Allied claims to southern Sakhalin, the Kurile Islands and other prewar Japanese territory and would provide that the treaty did not indicate Russian claims to that territory. It would also specify that the Senate did not imply approval of the Yalta and Potsdam agreements which gave the Kuriles and South Sakhalin to Russia.

One reservation would preserve Nationalist China's claims to its former territory including Manchuria, Formosa and the islands near Formosa.

Another reservation to the Japanese security pact would require Senate ratification or joint Congressional approval of the administrative agreement between the two nations on keeping US forces in and around Japan.

Another reservation would state that the United States rights under the security treaty would not expire until the Congress approves any substitute arrangement which replaces that pact.

Senator Jenner argued that several phrases in the proposed treaties limit the United States to action approved by the United Nations.

Senator Smith said that while India has shown "certain misunderstanding and fear of United States intentions, ratification of the treaties and the policy of bolstering the economy of Southeast Asia would prove 'our genuine interest in the welfare of the people of Asia and our willingness to aid them.'"

The peace treaty, the Senator said, "represents the American policy of fostering a healthy Japanese economy" and is a "contribution to the economic welfare of Southeast Asia."

INDUSTRIAL HUB
Terming Japan the "industrial hub of the Far East," Senator Smith said that full economic development of the area cannot be achieved "until normal trade patterns are developed."

Senator Jenner said that the United States should not "allow the Japanese to become a threat to our security by the transfer of control of military establishment from the Congress to the President and allow him to transfer it to another sovereign power—the United Nations."

He asked his fellow Senators to vote against the treaty unless reservations were adopted, otherwise they would "let a strange new flag wave over American soldiers and sailors in the Pacific waters, so recently stained with American blood."

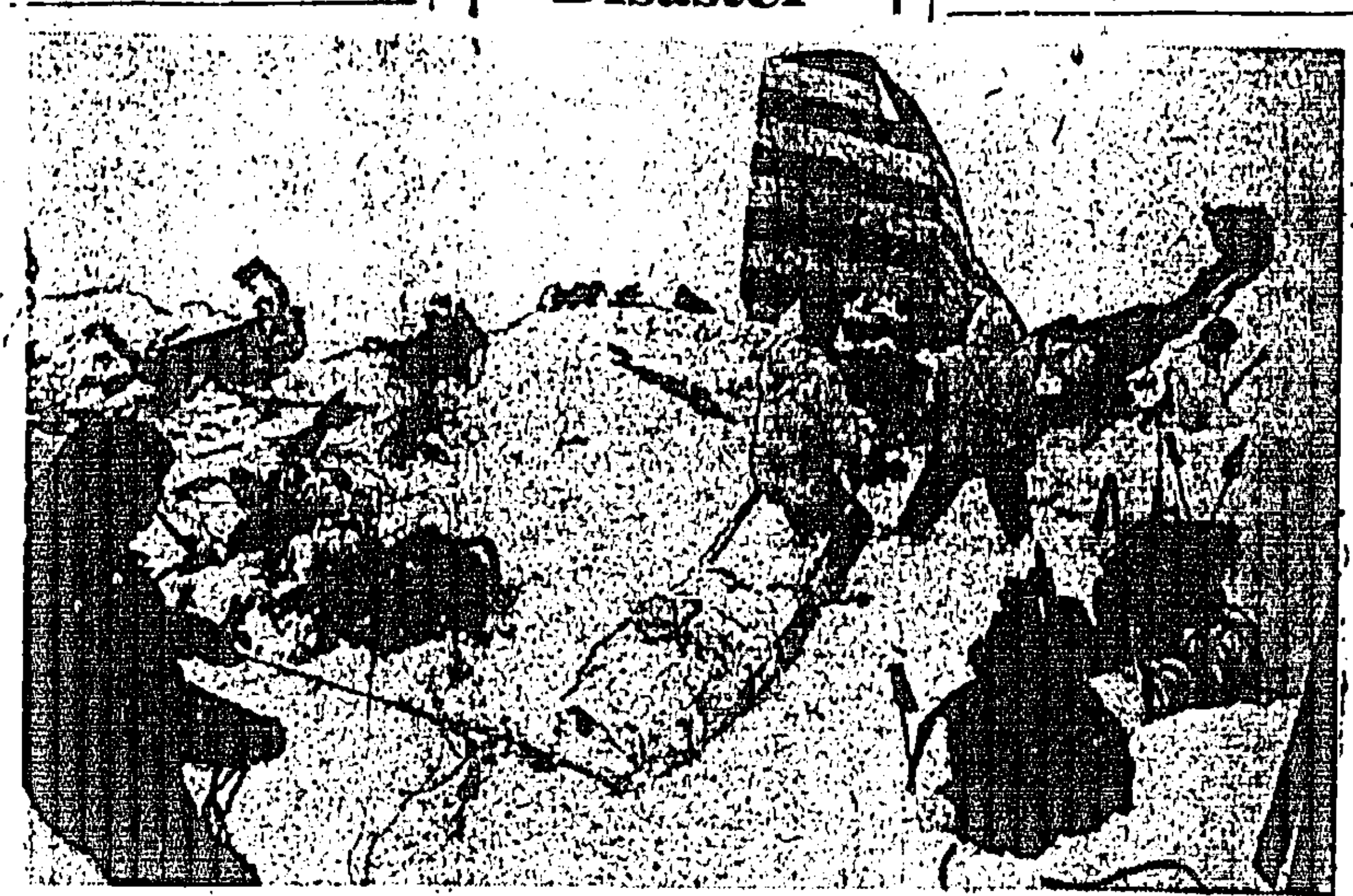
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Swiss Alps Disaster



Marooned Men Refuse To Move To Safety

Bishop, Calif., Mar. 17.

Thirty-three persons marooned by a giant snowslide in a mining camp near here decided today after the arrival of a rescue party that they would "stick it out" despite the threat of new slides.

Shortwave radio reports from the United States, Vandenberg Corp Mine, 15 miles north-west of here, said that rescuers on snow shoes arrived and carried 29 persons to safety from the avalanche-wrecked homes. Men, women and children took refuge in a reinforced concrete room built into the side of a mountain until the rescue team arrived. They obtained food from a nearby boarding house and kept warm with crude oil stoves.

NEW SLIDES WARNING
The rescuers took 31 of the marooned people to stay with other mine personnel at Rovanija settlement nearby. They decided to wait out the storm there. But the authorities warned that new slides would endanger this community also.

Many of the mine buildings were destroyed by the slide which tore away most of one home, leaving only the bedroom in which three children lay ill with pneumonia. Another house was demolished except for the kitchen where rescuers found Mrs. Gill Simmons standing on top of the stove.

The State Division of Highway Workers rushed all available equipment into the area in an effort to open the only road to the camp, but the work was hampered by snow-drifts six to 10 feet deep and by high winds. —United Press.

TRAPPEZE STAR'S PREMONITION
Paris, Mar. 17. A trapeze artist, Raymond Weyland, aged 47, who was waiting to start his act here last night, told his wife: "I do not know why, but I feel frightened."

The drums rolled and the "flying Weylands"—Raymond, his wife, Jeanine, daughter, Micheline, aged 19, and son-in-law, Daniel—began an act which had thrilled circus audiences in Portugal, Spain, Belgium and Britain for the last seven years.

Suddenly a strap broke and Raymond and his daughter plummeted down. Micheline landed on her stomach and lived. Raymond died on his way to hospital. —Reuter.

POLICE MOVE IN ON VILLAGERS
Tignes, France, Mar. 17. Special police moved in today in the face of threats of violence from dachau villagers who refuse to move from this village which will soon be at the bottom of a giant Alpine reservoir.

As dam gates shut to block off the swollen Isere River and start filling the valley, the Prefect of Haute Savoie Department arrived with 160 special police to speed up the evacuation of the dwellers of the area and to prevent any disorder. —United Press.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY TROUBLE
London, Mar. 17. Over 20 persons, including a number of police, were injured at Londonderry, Northern Ireland, today during a demonstration commemorating St. Patrick's Day.

Clashes occurred with the police when Republicans, advocating the return of Ulster to Ireland, invaded the Protestant and Unionist (favoring Ulster's present status under the British Crown) quarter of the town.

The tricolor flag of the demonstrators was seized by the police after a violent fight during which the police made three truncheon charges. —France Press.

Socialist Opposition Continues Attack Against The Budget
London, Mar. 17. Mr. Douglas Jay, former Financial Secretary to the Treasury, said today that the Conservative Budget offered Britain "inequality, in misery" and he advocated instead drastic cuts in imports from America.

Mr. Jay opened the Labour attack on the last day of debate on the new Budget in the Commons.

Mr. Jay said: "I think the first blunder we ought now to shed is that the dollar problem is just a short-term crisis of the immediate postwar years, after which we are going to return to some sort of normality."

"We ought now to work on the assumption that the dollar problem is due to deep and lasting causes."

Mr. Jay charged that about 75 per cent of British wage-earners were worse off because of Mr. Butler's Budget.

Restrictions On Soviet Diplomats

Verbal Duel In Commons

London, Mar. 17.

The Foreign Minister, Mr. Anthony Eden, and the Labour pacifist, Mr. Emrys Hughes, exchanged words today in the Commons over the new British travel restrictions on Soviet diplomats.

"Do these restrictions make it impossible for Soviet diplomats to visit the more civilised parts of Great Britain, such as Scotland and Wales?" demanded Mr. Hughes.

Mr. Eden: "Should a Soviet representative wish to visit Scotland, or perhaps Warwickshire, he is entirely free to do so. All he is asked to do is to give 48 hours' notice, and that is much greater freedom than our diplomats enjoy in his country."

TOLSTOY'S HOME
Later, Mr. Eden told Mr. Hughes that British diplomats could visit Tolstoy's home 120 miles from Moscow but only by road and by giving 48 hours' notice.

"Is he aware that is the birthplace of Leo Tolstoy and it is important to maintain cultural relations even under the tension of a cold war?" demanded Mr. Hughes.

He continued, amid general laughter: "Can a Russian diplomat visit the grave of Karl Marx in London every day without giving notice, while he has to give 48 hours' notice to visit the tomb of the Scots poet Robert Burns?"

"We have to try to cater for all tastes," replied Mr. Eden, adding that if a Russian diplomat wanted to visit Shakespeare's birthplace at Stratford-on-Avon he could stop along the road on the way to a picnic. British diplomats cannot picnic on the way to Tolstoy's home. —United Press.

Withdrawal From Ismailia
Cairo, Mar. 17.

The Minister of State, Farid Zeigok, announced tonight that all British troops would be withdrawn from the Suez Canal Zone "trouble town" of Ismailia on Thursday.

Mr. Zeigok said General Sir George Erskine, commander of British troops in the Canal Zone, had informed the Egyptian Government of the scheduled evacuation.

A British military spokesman in Cairo also announced the intention to restore this week to Egyptian control all areas of Ismailia occupied by British troops following clashes. The spokesman said Port Said and Suez would remain out of bounds for all British troops.

British troops have been controlling the two main streets in Ismailia. —United Press.

'You Will Be Bombed Out' Warning To Negroes

Los Angeles, Mar. 17.

A citizens' committee joined policemen today in guarding a residential district rocked by bombs with a warning to Negroes to move out "or be bombed out."

Two home-made bombs exploded almost simultaneously yesterday in the home of a Negro, William Bailey, and at a duplex residence across the street occupied by Whites.

It was the fifth bomb explosion on Dunsmuir Street in six months. No one was injured, the Police reported. But investigators said that the blasts caused extensive damage to the houses and furniture.

John Potts, 32, and Ralph Martinez, 35, occupied one unit of the duplex. Officers said that the unit was "undoubtedly mistaken for that of Bernard Hartstein, who recently sold the house to Roger Duncan, a Negro."

Duncan said he plans to move in on May 4 despite "this very un-American thing." He is a Los Angeles City fireman.

HEADLINES NOTE
Officers said they found a note written from newspaper headlines pasted on paper tucked under the letter-box of the Bailey residence.

It read: "Negroes move off Dunsmuir Street, north of Adams. We will bomb off all Negroes."

Hartstein, who lives in the undamaged portion of the duplex, told officers that he had received a bomb threat letter last December similar to the one left at the Bailey residence.

He said it warned that he would be bombed if he sold the house to Negroes.

Bailey, 32, a science High School teacher, his wife, and their son, William, 12, said after the bombing that they had no intention of being driven from their home by threats.

After the blasts some 1,000 neighbors, both Negroes and Whites, gathered in front of the homes to aid the families. Nearly \$500 were raised to help pay for repairs and pledges were received from painters, carpenters and electricians to start work on the homes today.

Lieutenant Howard Chapman, of Wilshire Police Station, promised the group that a thorough investigation of the incident would be undertaken. —United Press.

"IKE" TO STAY ON ASSIGNMENT
Washington, Mar. 17.

General Eisenhower, in a letter dated March 10, made public here today, said that he did not plan to leave his present assignment as Commander of the Allied Forces in Europe "during the immediate future."

The letter was written to 19 members of the United States House of Representatives. —Reuter.

Arriving Shortly 1952 MODELS DODGE

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The tricolor flag of the demonstrators was seized by the police after a violent fight during which the police made three truncheon charges. —France Press.

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Beer-Drinking On Increase

London, Mar. 17.
The British output of beer reached 1,704,000 barrels in January, which was 372,000 barrels less than in December.
But the drop is only seasonal and actually British beer drinkers gulped down 160,000 barrels more last January than during the same month the previous year.—France-Press.

"Ike" Given Briefing On Germany

Paris, Mar. 17.
The American High Commissioner, Mr John J. McCloy, today brought General Dwight Eisenhower up to date on German defence and its relation to the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation.

He lunched with the General and Mr Paul Hoffman and saw him for over three hours. He told newspapermen that German participation in the European Army depended on how long it took the European countries to ratify the European Army treaty.

"Autumn looks a little on the early side to me," he said.
On the Soviet note on Germany, Mr McCloy said it had obviously been induced by the successful steps taken towards the consolidation of Western defence and was an attempt to deflect it.

Mr McCloy added: "If they are serious about German unification and the peace treaty it can be brought about. The note requires a serious answer and I hope they get it rapidly."
Mr McCloy said that among the Germans there was no enthusiasm for re-militarisation but a strong feeling against it.

But an influential body of opinion in Germany wants to do a self-respecting share in defending Western freedom.
The glamour had gone out of things military and if rearmament occurred it would be from a sense of obligation, he declared.

Mr McCloy will call on M. Jean Monnet, architect of the Schuman coal and steel plan, and at the Foreign Ministry to see either the Foreign Minister, M. Robert Schuman, or M. Herve Alphand, the French representative to NATO, before returning to Germany tonight.—Reuter.

Acceptance Of US Aid Defended

Rangoon, Mar. 17.
Burmese Ministers today defended acceptance of American aid against Opposition members who told Parliament that such aid violated Burma's neutrality and would force her to take sides in the event of a third World War.
American aid to Burma was resumed last month after the original agreement, which Burma had refused to sign because it prejudiced her neutrality, had been amended.

The Foreign Minister, Sao Hsueh Hui, assured critics today that acceptance of economic aid under the Mutual Security Act was free of political strings. Thakin Tin, Minister of Land Nationalisation, said that Burma would accept aid from Russia if it were given without strings because foreign assistance was necessary to rehabilitate the country.—Reuter.

ASIAN SOCIALIST CONFERENCE

New Delhi, Mar. 17.
The Preparatory Committee of the Asian Socialist Parties' Congress will meet in Rangoon on March 24.
The Committee comprises six members—two Indians, two Burmese and two Indonesians.—France-Press.

U.S. Defence Secretary On Russian Role In The Korea Operations

Detroit, Mar. 17.
The United States Defence Secretary, Mr Robert Lovett, declared today that the United Nations forces in Korea, after the Inchon landing in September, 1950, captured documentary proof that a big store of mines there had come recently from the nearby Russian port of Vladivostok.

Mr Lovett, addressing a meeting of the Detroit Economic Club, said that the Soviet Union stimulated the Korean war and that it was being carried on with Soviet war supplies.

Mr Lovett said, "The war in Korea started with the stimulus and with the strong backing in materials of the Soviets. No reasonable person could believe that the North Korean Government was able to manufacture substantial amounts of aircraft or heavy artillery.

"After the brilliant Inchon landing in Korea, we captured large dumps of military supplies and secured definite documentary proof that the store of mines we found was shipped from Vladivostok only a few months before."
Mr Lovett said that recently the Communist and North Korean negotiators at the Korean armistice talks had adopted a position which clearly indicated "that China and North Korea were merely the stooges in the long-standing aim of the Kremlin to dominate the world."

The Communist technique in Korea embodied subversion, aggression, deceit, bad faith, false promises and a continuing attempt to wear down the other party.
But the Communists' timetable in Korea had been upset and the Reds had been badly hurt.
Mr Lovett mentioned other spots in the world where, he said, "we find no reason for comfort."
He referred to the Communist efforts in Indo-China, Burma, Kashmir and Persia, and to the outbreak of violence and rioting in Egypt and Tunisia.

ominous thread
"There is a grim and ominous thread running through the entire fabric of world events which seems to me to make obvious that in the present circumstances the solution cannot lie in weakness," Mr Lovett said.
He outlined what he said was notable progress made in building up the armed forces since the start of the Korean War.

Currently, military expenditure was at a rate of about \$3,500,000,000 a month and it should reach about \$4,000,000,000 by the end of this calendar year, Mr Lovett said.
Substantially, only 50 per cent of the expenditure was for weapons and military construction.

Mr Lovett said that the military is in a "true ferment" as it switches to super-weapons for new methods of warfare.
The turmoil was the result of amazing advances in applied science and technology which prompted the emphasis being put on guided missiles and atomic warheads.

NEW TREND
"For example," he said, "if there is a cheap and reliable way of knocking out tanks at a distance without using another expensive tank or a very expensive piece of artillery—and I believe that there is or will be—it doesn't make much sense to go ahead and build an excessive amount of tanks."
He continued, "We are shifting from piston engines to jets, from visual to radar, from certain types of artillery to rockets, from piloted aircraft to guided missiles and from World War II explosives to atomic warheads."

Yesterday, at West Point, New York, General J. Lawton Collins, Army Chief of Staff, said that the United States is on the threshold of new developments in weapons. He did not explain the new weapons but said that they completely outdistanced military planners.
Mr Lovett said that modern weapons carry a terrific cost due

to both inflationary pressures and to their own complexities.
Mr Lovett's speech was accompanied by charts, one of which showed a typical fighter plane with more than 10,000 pounds of horsepower thrust. A typical World War II fighter had a 1,500 pounds horsepower thrust, he said.—Reuter and United Press.

Two Diamond
Kings Discuss
'Lost' Output
Capetown, Mar. 17.
Two men who deal in millions met deep in the Tanganyika bush country last week to discuss a diamonds mystery.
The men are the South African diamond king, Mr Harry Oppenheimer, and the fabulous Dr John Thorburn Williamson, discoverer and chief owner of the Mwadui diamond mine in Tanganyika. And the mystery, put in a sentence, is: What has Dr Williamson been doing with all his diamonds?
Mr Oppenheimer returned to Capetown but refused to comment on the talks. Under a contract between the Williamson Mine and the Diamond Corporation, which exist a record, the Williamson diamonds were to be sold through the corporation. But revenue returns of taxation receipts in Tanganyika show that no diamonds have been sold by the Williamson mine in the past two years.
Yet the mine continued operations, and the supposition in diamond circles is that Dr Williamson has accumulated diamonds worth about \$4,000,000.
Diamond mining and merchant circles are anxious to know what he is going to do with them.

Jewish Claim
Discussed
London, Mar. 17.
Representatives of world Jewry and the Israeli Government are beginning private preparatory talks here on the problem of restitution and reparations claims against Germany.
The procedural and technical talks precede a conference to be held from March 25 at Brussels between world Jewry and Israeli representatives and German Government officials.
A spokesman of the Israeli Foreign Ministry recently stated that the Brussels talks would be based on Israel's claim of \$1,500,000,000 in reparations from Germany. This claim was contained in an Israeli note sent last week to the four Occupation Powers—Britain, the United States, the Soviet Union and France.—Reuter.

Civil Defence Corps
London, Mar. 17.
Volunteers for the Civil Defence Corps—both men and women—total 184,095 since recruiting opened in November, 1940.—Reuter.

Give The Husband A Break

—Say Wives

London, Mar. 17.
Women who willfully neglect their husbands, homes and families, should be punished, by law.

Married women have made this recommendation in a report to the Royal Commission on Marriage and Divorce. Their feelings on the subject, expressed by the Married Women's Association, will be studied by the Royal Commission, which is now sitting.

The association, stressing that the reciprocal responsibilities of a wife to a husband should be adequately enforced, suggest that to deal with such domestic problems every court of petty sessions should include a department of domestic relations. In these courts advice, conciliation, arbitration and adjudication would be rapidly available. If possible women stipendiaries would be asked to help.

Mrs Helena Normanton, Q.C., president of the association, prepared the document for the Royal Commission. She said last night:

"I have every sympathy for the husband who is not getting a square deal. Often such neglect by the wife leads to the husband knocking her about or deserting."

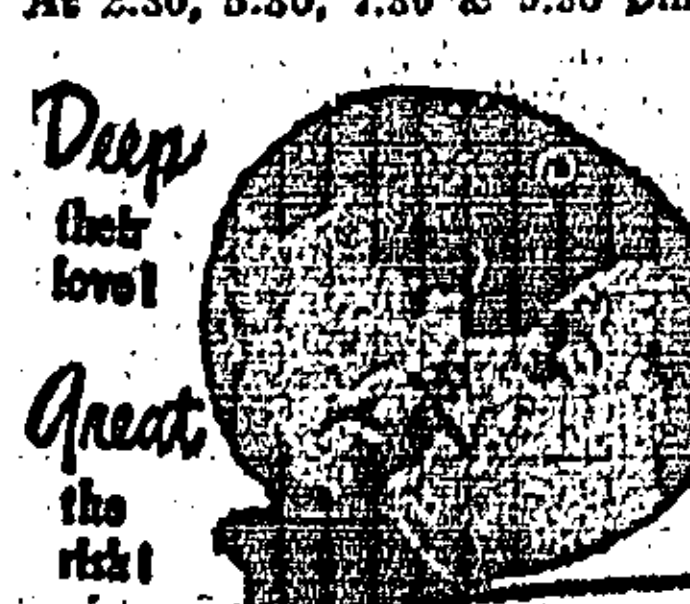
TREATMENT
"To avoid that we suggest the setting-up of domestic courts to which the wilfully inefficient wife could be brought. She may need medical treatment, in which case that could be provided. She may be in need of a training course which would put matters right very quickly."

"But if, after everything else was tried she remained negligent, some punishment might be necessary. Cutting off her allowance might work; failing that, something stern, even imprisonment."

In the opinion of the association, their proposed domestic relations courts should have wide powers to enforce maintenance orders, even to the extent of orders for the receipt of money at the defaulting spouse's place of earning, or by a charge on the assets receivable at the defaulters bank.

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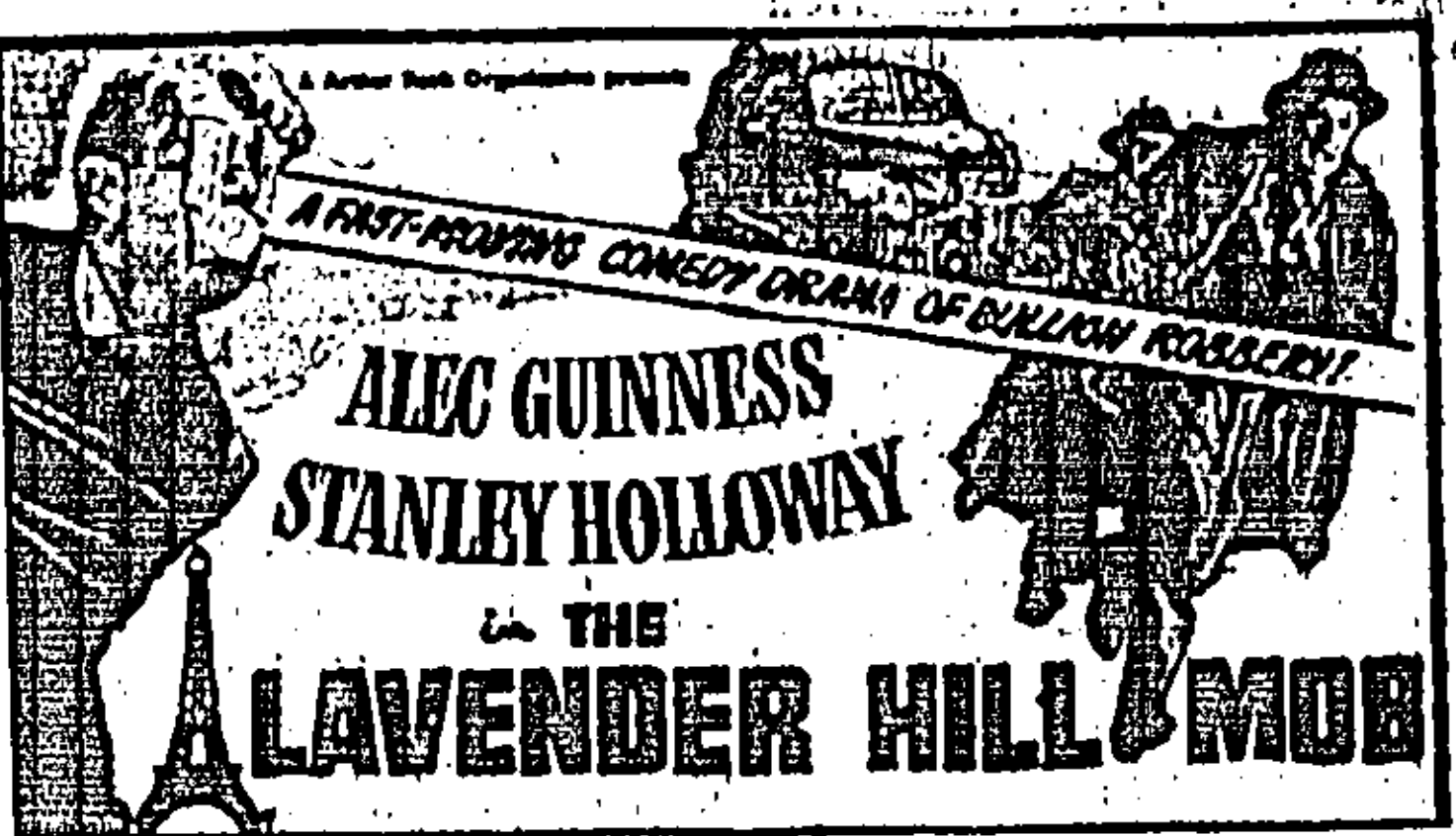
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INGRID BERGMAN
in "NOTORIOUS"
with CLAUDE RAINS
LIPS LUTHER • ALAN CRUICKSHANK
Directed by ALFRED HITCHCOCK

19 W. SONG OF MY HEART
20 T. Monsieur Beaucaire
21 F. The Street with No Name
22 S. Pandora and the Flying Dutchman
23 S. Fancy Pants
24 M. Sudan
25 T. Winchester '73

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PERSIA EXPLAINS REJECTION

Why Bank Proposals Were Turned Down

Teheran, Mar. 17. Karem Hassibi, Persian oil negotiator, broadening to the Persian people tonight, estimated that acceptance of the World Bank's proposal for an oil settlement would have meant a loss of £75,000,000 every year for Persia.

He declared, "The International Bank's proposals which we can not accept, were virtually worse than the Stokes mission proposal and the Jackson proposal last year."

(Mr Richard Stokes led the British Ministerial mission and Mr Averell Harriman was President Truman's special envoy in abortive negotiations last year. Last Jackson is Deputy Chairman of the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company.)

Karem Hassibi said that a separate Persian Gulf price for oil—distinct from the Mexican Gulf price or world price—was "totally artificial, fixed by the big oil trusts for their own benefit."

Meanwhile, after a lengthy Senate session, Premier Mohammed Mossadeq has agreed to receive a delegation of Persian Senators at his residence on March 19 and tell them about the result of the oil talks and the general situation in the country.

The resignation of the Interior Minister, Allah Yar Saleh, from the Cabinet was announced tonight. Saleh is contesting elections to the Majlis (Parliament).

While bidding farewell to the International Bank experts, Premier Mossadeq is reported to have told Mr Hector Prudhomme, leader of the mission that "Persia would prefer bankruptcy to compromising her national interests."

(The World Bank mission is to fly back to Washington tomorrow).—Reuter.

HIRED HAT TO VISIT BANK

London, Mar. 17. When three men decided to cash a forged cheque for £2,556 one of them, William Henry Dyer, went to an outfitter's and hired a black hat, a scarf, and a smart overcoat in the hope of impressing the cashier at the bank. The cashier was not convinced.

At the Old Bailey Dyer, a physical training instructor of no fixed address was sentenced to 24 months' imprisonment. Edward Barnes, 28, student, Talgarth-road, West Kensington, to 10 months, and Moses Donker, 25, engineer's mate, Cambridge-road, Kilburn, to 12 months. All pleaded guilty to attempted fraud.

SWEETEST GIRL IN THE WORLD



Trina Lluberras, 19, of Ciudad Trujillo, in the Dominican Republic, reigns as Sugar Queen of 1952 during the annual Sugar Fiesta which commemorates the introduction of cane sugar to the West Indies by Christopher Columbus 459 years ago. — Express Service.

Fisherman Does It Again

Chester, Mar. 17. The first salmon of the new season was caught in the Cheshire Dee early today by T. M. Johnson, of Chester. The fish weighed seven and a half pounds. Johnson has claimed the customary rucba which is awarded annually by the Rector of Handbridge, Chester, the Reverend W. N. Digby Thomas, to the first Handbridge man to land a salmon. This is the second year in succession that Johnson has caught the first fish.—Reuter.

Baker Broke His Parole

Paris, Mar. 17. Fritz Zichaus, an Austrian baker who learned from an old newspaper of the death sentence passed on him here last month, was sentenced to death because he did not turn up in Court, it was stated today.

Colonel Camadeau, head of the Paris Military Magistrature, said that Zichaus, a former German Intelligence official, charged with cruelty to French prisoners, spent five years in detention in France. He was then released after giving his parole that he would present himself when summoned for trial.

In cases of this kind, Colonel Camadeau said, the death sentence was generally passed if the accused failed to turn up for the trial. The opportunity was still open for Zichaus to fulfil his parole and the death sentence would be quashed and the trial re-heard.—Reuter.

RUSSIA FEELING BURDEN OF ARMING PROGRAMME

London, Mar. 17. The Soviet Government is introducing drastic economy measures this year in other Government expenditures to ease the growing burden of rearmament, informed sources said today.

Declarations during the recent resume of the Soviet budget debate showed that the Soviet economic plan for 1952 includes "further growth of industrial production based on increased productivity, labour, technical development, and the use of new production forces."

But it was made clear during the debate that the Soviet economy is increasingly feeling the strain of the new burdens imposed on it.

Informed sources said that never before in Soviet history was such criticism made of the failures to implement the economic plan through over-spending and waste of machinery and other materials.

The debate disclosed that important factories are running at a deficit, trade organisations making unnecessary stocks and ministries failing to implement Government directives to cut building costs.

At the end of the debate it was indicated that the Government will take three main measures to cut waste:

1.—Official financial control bodies will be held responsible not only for "violations of financial discipline" but will also be empowered to take measures to remove them.

2.—Drastic cuts will be made in the number of Government officials and measures will be taken to "simplify" the administrative machine.

3.—Unspecified steps will be taken to improve the work of trade organisations, especially in everything concerning the distribution of raw materials and goods.

EAST-WEST TRADE
This last move is apparently aimed at lessening the shortage of various materials through quicker and better distribution and transport.

The Finance Minister, M. A. C. Zuvorv, indicated that

First Sea Lord In Malta

Valetta, Mar. 17. Admiral Sir Rhoderick McGrigor, First Sea Lord and Chief of Naval Staff, arrived here today to make a short tour of inspection of naval vessels now in port and of shore installations.

Units now in harbour here include several heavy warships of the Home Fleet, which is paying its first post-war hull-scraping visit to Malta.

The Home Fleet units have been undergoing exercises with the Mediterranean Fleet.—Reuter.

Bevan Speech "Dangerous"

London, Mar. 17. The Assistant Postmaster-General, Mr David Gammans, tonight charged in a speech that Mr Aneurin Bevan's statement that American policy was ruining Europe was stupid, ungrateful and dangerous. He charged that Mr Bevan's statement, made in a speech on Sunday, was worth several divisions of troops to Marshal Stalin and that the United Nations forces in Korea and the British forces in Malaya would suffer from it.—United Press.

Mock Trial Of German Red Regime

Brussels, Mar. 17. The International Commission against concentration camp regimes has decided to ask the East German Government again to allow the Commission to investigate camp conditions in the territory before putting it on mock trial on charges of maintaining concentration camps.

This was decided during a two-day committee meeting which ended here today.

On the proposal of Dr Georges Andre (Belgium) the Commission decided to send a Swiss journalist to interview the East German Premier, Dr Otto Grotewohl, to request permission to investigate conditions in camps on the grounds that letters sent to Dr Grotewohl may never have reached him though they were express, airmailed and registered.

The delegates unanimously felt that Dr Grotewohl will ignore the approach as he had ignored the letters. The Commission is, therefore, already preparing a preliminary investigating committee with a view to putting the East German Government on trial.—United Press.

Grim Trek To Freedom

Hamburg, Mar. 17. Twenty White Russian political refugees from China, in the Communist province of Sinkiang, arrived here today by plane from Calcutta on the final leg of their long journey.

The refugees, who will be resettled in the United States by the "Provisional Inter-Governmental Committee for the Movement of Migrants from Europe" and the Tolstoy Foundation, will leave by ship tomorrow and are due to arrive in New York later in the month.

The exodus began three years ago in desolate Sinkiang. There were 200 of them then. It continued to Tibet across the Himalayan mountains and into India. Today there are 20 left. The authorities first received word of the adventurous group last summer from the Tibetan frontier town of Gyantse when it cabled the International Refugee Organisation seeking evacuation help.—United Press.

TALKS ON POSITION IN ASIA

Discussions Between Britain And France

London, Mar. 17. Britain and France have discussed the present South-East Asian situation, particularly in Indo-China, it was learned today from a usually reliable source.

It is understood that the discussions, recently held in London, were between the Marquess of Reading, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and M. Jean Letourneau, French Minister for the Associated States of Cambodia and Laos.

M. Letourneau came to London on a private visit last Friday and returned to Paris yesterday. The source said today that the talks between the two Ministers had been of a general nature.

The Sunday newspaper, The Observer, said yesterday that Vietnamese personalities had approached representatives of the Government of India, without directly calling for Indian mediation, discreetly outlining terms on which they would like to see a settlement of the Indo-Chinese war.

Authoritative British sources here "discuss" such a possibility and added that inquiries made by the British Government had shown that no such approaches had been made by Vietnam.

British inquiries on this question had been made over a period of several weeks, it was understood here.

M. Letourneau said on his return to Paris from Saigon last week that France did not intend to abandon Indo-China or to negotiate a peace with Ho Chi Minh, Vietnam leader, unless Ho sought negotiations first.—Reuter.

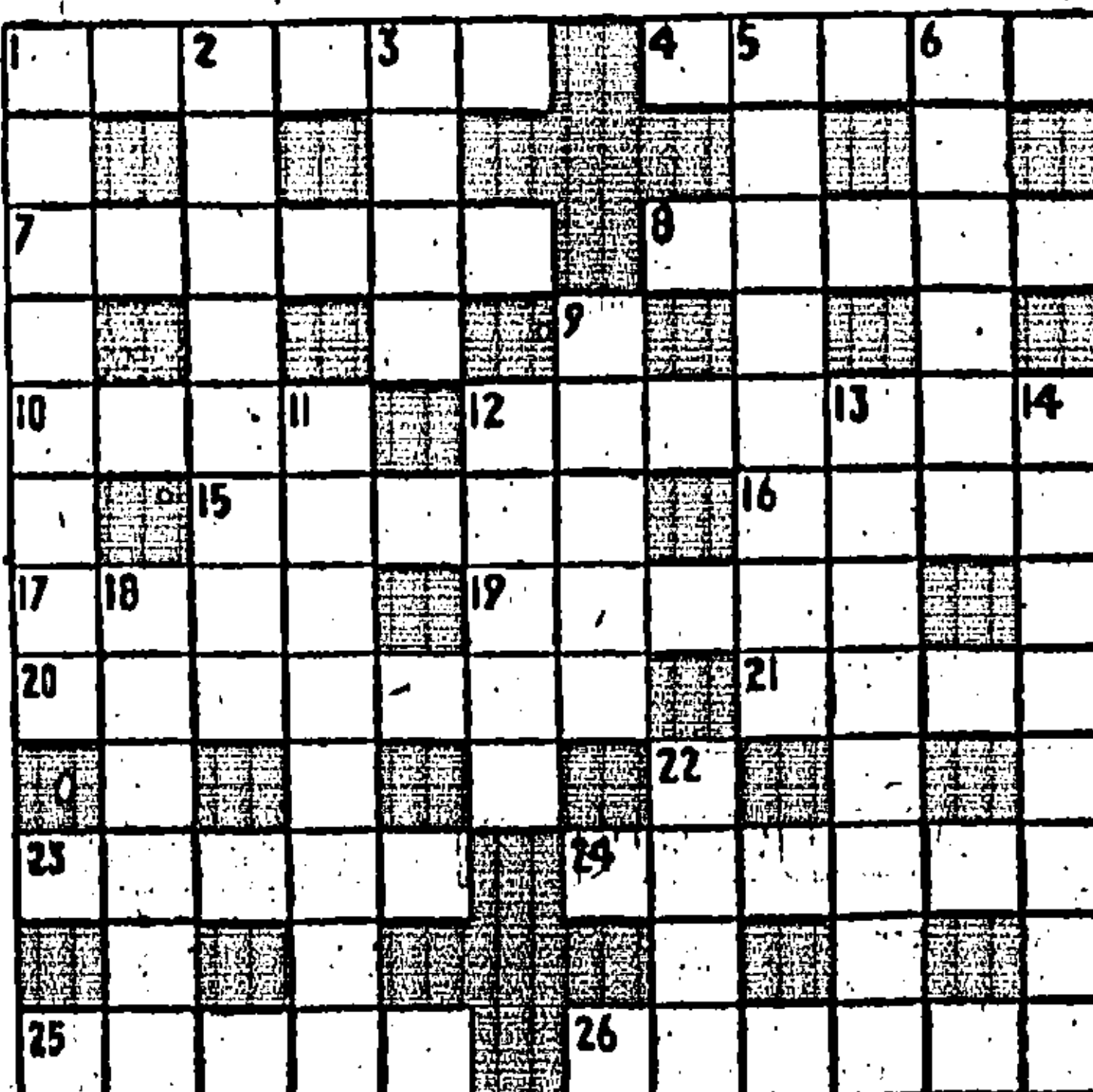
Stolen Car Was Under Straw

London, Mar. 17. While police were searching for a stolen car three Borstal boys hid it under straw for six days in the grounds of Hwell Grange, barless Borstal near Redditch, Worcestershire.

Mr Fred Longden, M.P. for Small Heath, Birmingham, will ask the Home Secretary in the Commons to explain "the lack of control and observation on the part of Hwell Grange authorities."

The boys repainted the number plates from EOB 207 to EOF 787, and reworked the ignition so that the car could be started without the key.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
1 Calm down (6)
4 Rage (5)
7 Persevere (6)
8 Express (5)
10 Harbour (4)
12 Flourish of trumpets (7)
15 Dress up (5)
18 Notion (4)
19 Scold (4)
20 Tribal emblem (5)
21 Slim (7)
23 Obstinate (4)
25 Piece of machinery (5)
26 Sight (6)
28 Take without right (5)
29 Illuminations (6)

- DOWN**
1 Footwear (8)
2 Unyielding (8)
3 Wine (4)
5 Advised (8)
6 Complete (6)
9 Civil official (8)
11 Wooden platter (8)
12 Doomed (5)
13 Child (8)
14 Items of jewellery (8)
18 Dishcloths (6)
22 New Zealand bird (4)

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 3 Chastise, 8 Endure, 9 Eminence, 11 Collapse, 12 Sing, 13 Venus, 18 Seeps, 19 Crop, 22 Stricken, 25 Reprisal, 26 Tedium, 28 Hardened. Down: 1 Fetch, 2 Adieu, 3 Cranks, 4 Home, 5 Sane, 6 Innate, 7 Emerge, 10 Issue, 14 News, 15 Spoiled, 16 Scorch, 17 Caper, 20 Skeln, 21 Onions, 22 Gals, 23 Midge.

All-German Inquiry —Or None At All UN COMMISSION'S DECISION

Bonn, Mar. 17. The United Nations Commission on all-German elections will not carry out any investigations in Germany at all if it is refused entry to the Soviet Zone, Professor Kristjan Albertson (Iceland), this month's Commission Chairman, said today.

Professor Albertson told a Press conference that the Commission was now in Germany to find out first whether the East and West authorities would give them the facilities and guarantees they wanted to make a full-dress investigation later.

Professor Albertson said that the terms of the United Nations resolution made it clear that the investigation as to whether free and democratic elections could be held in Germany was to be carried out in all Germany simultaneously, and if they were refused entry into East Germany they would pack up and simply report back to the United Nations what they had been able to do and what they had not been able to do.

The Commission was waiting an answer from the Soviet Control Commissioner, General Vasily Chukov, to letters of Feb. 22 and Mar. 10 requesting facilities to meet the Government of the German Democratic (East German) Republic.

Answering questions, Professor Albertson said that the Commission had not decided how long to wait a reply from General Chukov nor what to do if no reply came. But the hesitation would not be very long, he added.

The Commission today visited the Allied High Commission at its Petersberg headquarters and the West German Chancellor, Dr Konrad Adenauer, at his office in Schaumburg Palace.

REQUEST TO BONN
The Commission presented a memorandum to Dr Adenauer requesting facilities and guarantees that they thought necessary to enable them to make a free, unhindered investigation in West Germany.

Professor Albertson said that Dr Adenauer promised an answer within two days.

Tomorrow and Wednesday the Commission will interview other German Ministers, including Herr Robert Lehr (Interior), Herr Thomas Dehler (Justice) and Herr Jakob Kaiser (All-German Affairs).

The Dutch member of the Commission, Mr Max Kohn-

Girl Of 8 Cannot Feel Pain

London, Mar. 17. A red-haired girl of eight has broken her thigh and badly damaged bones in her ankles and feet, without feeling any pain.

She is almost a painless girl, yet otherwise normal, says Dr Ernest Westlake in the British Medical Journal.

The thigh fracture was discovered weeks after it happened—only because she complained she could not jump over a tennis net as easily as usual and was sent to hospital at Poole, Dorset, for an X-ray.

The thigh had begun to heal. Doctors found other old injuries that had healed badly because no one had known about them. The girl cannot feel pinches or pricks. She lets children pull out her hair.

America And Russia In Rare Agreement

New York, Mar. 17. The experts from the United States and Soviet Russia were the only two in agreement—though for different reasons—in opposing a proposal to call an international conference of journalists and information personnel to adopt a code of ethics.

The United Nations Sub-Commission on freedom of information and the press, however, expressed itself in favour of such a conference and called upon the next session of the United Nations General Assembly to make funds available for holding the conference not later than Dec. 31, 1953.

Mr Carrol Binder, the United States expert, asked, "Who will pay for the conference?" If the governments were asked for funds, he said, they expect something for their money.

Equally critical of the draft code of ethics, Mr Binder said that, as it stood, it was only of historical interest.

He thought that with the world divided as at present, the time for an international journalists' conference was not now, or even in the near future.

M. Vassily M. Zonov, the Soviet expert, said that as the draft code lacked certain provisions that he had proposed—such as making it a fundamental obligation for journalists to fight fascist propaganda, racial discrimination and aggression—a world conference to adopt the code would be useless.

Perhaps, he said, the United Nations would take up the document again at a future date.

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A War Ace Will Influence A Country

By John Ivey

A HANDSOME, fair-haired, flamboyant man of 40 is coming to the fore as a dominating figure in the maelstrom of South African politics. You heard a lot about him during the Battle of Britain, when he was very much front page news. Group Captain A. G. "Sailor" Malan—he is the man—is known to most Britons as the fighter pilot who in 1939-41 brought down 32 Nazi aircraft and earned the title of the "greatest-ever fighter ace."

Today, as leader of a quasi-political organisation, the War Veterans' Torch Commando, he is potentially the most powerful figure in South African politics.

It will be this man, unknown in politics a year ago, who will influence to a large extent the Nationalist Government's future racial policy and the widening split between the two major European races in the Union—the British and Afrikaans. "Sailor" Malan denies that his organisation is political, but, nevertheless, it was classified as such last month by a Minister of the Nationalist Government, to the policies of which the Torch Commando is opposed.

Protest Rally

THE Minister warned civil servants against joining this fast-growing organisation on the grounds that their conditions of employment forbade "political affiliation."

Torch Commando was born in dramatic fashion last May, when "Sailor" Malan and a group of fellow ex-Servicemen, angered by the Government's Bill which virtually deprived coloured citizens of the vote, staged a protest demonstration in Johannesburg.

The enthusiasm that followed the demonstration led Malan to hold similar gatherings throughout the Union.

Today, the Commando has a membership of more than 150,000, and it expects to double this figure this year. It should be remembered that the white population of South Africa is only 2,500,000.

Ex-Servicemen, who complain of their ungenerous treatment by the Government since the war, are among the biggest categories of recruits to the movement.

The main declared aim of the Torch Commando is to create "a united South Africa"—to put an end to the differences between the English-speaking and the Afrikaans-speaking sections of the population.

"Sailor" Malan is strongly opposed to the apartheid policy of the Nationalist Government. In fact, the immediate purpose of the Torch Commando is to put out of power the Nationalist Government of Dr. Malan, who is a distant relative of the "Sailor."

Real Concern

THE Government is not alarmed by any fear that Torch Commando is a sister movement bent on linking the Africans and Indians against its members. No one has dared to impute such unjustified motives to the organisation.

The Government's real concern is that Torch Commando, though non-political, is supported by the Opposition—the United Party and that it receives support from a trust founded by the Witwatersrand gold magnates, of which Sir Harry Oppenheimer, multi-millionaire United Party M.P., is a prominent member.

The purpose of the trust, like that of the Commando, is to work for "racial co-operation and the maintenance of democratic ideals."

If the United Party is returned to power in the next election, a number of "Sailor" Malan's followers will probably be occupying seats on Government benches.

Each is the headquarters of a spiritual healing organisation, though at each the subject is studied from widely different aspects. The house in Queen Anne Street (named after Edward Wilson, the doctor on Scott's last expedition, who died with him in Antarctica) has recently been opened as headquarters of the Guild of Health.

This organisation had its beginnings in Manchester 50 years ago, when Dr Percy Dearmer gathered together a group of doctors and clergy to form a research committee on the subject of Christianity and health.

The Guild has 2,000 members, who pay a subscription, technically of one guinea minimum—some pay less and some more. It has an imposing list of patrons—clergy (including the Archbishop of Canterbury and eight diocesan bishops), well-known medical men, notable lay people.

I talked to the Warden of Edward Wilson House, a young clergyman of the Church of England, the Rev. Paul Eardley, who has had psychological training and medical and scientific experience, and who came to the Guild after being chaplain in a London training hospital.

He wore the collar and tie of a layman. In his office was the kind of adjustable couch psychiatrists have in their rooms, a large, metal-encased scientific instrument, five waste-paper baskets, typewriter. On the wall over the gas-fire hung a Celtic cross.

NO MAGIC

Mr. Eardley said: "I think we have got something that people ought to know about. But people so often come to us looking for magic, and we just haven't got any magic."

"We don't see that a line can be drawn between the natural and the supernatural. The ministry of healing is work for the general practitioner, and the clergyman—working together."

The house in Queen Anne Street is designed to be a centre for research, and for education—of medical, theological and science students, nurses and social workers, doctors and scientists as well as clergy will work there.

BEHIND the Queen, giving her the closest support in carrying the burden of responsibility that now lies upon her, stands the Duke of Edinburgh. His views must influence her greatly. Who stands most closely behind the Duke? Naturally the Earl and Countess Mountbatten, his uncle and aunt. They may well become the most influential people in Britain.

To Earl Mountbatten the dazzling prospect that opens up may not seem strange or unexpected. For he has been near the throne since the day he was born.

But to the Countess the rise must seem as out-of-this-life as a fairy story come true. Recently she celebrated with affection the birth 100 years ago—on March 3, 1852—of the man whose genius made the fairy tale possible.

Extraordinary

THAT man was her grandfather—Sir Ernest Cassel. His was a story even more extraordinary than his granddaughter's.

He was born at Cologne, the son of a Jewish money-lender-banker, in a small way of business.

As a boy he played chess so skilfully that his father offered him the choice of becoming a professional chess-player or a banker. It took Ernest a week to decide against chess.

With little more than a bag of

THOSE MOUNTBATTEN MILLIONS

How they were made:
The amazing boy
who made them

★

By JOSEPH GARRITY

When, a year later, their daughter Maud was born, Cassel was a man transformed.

His devotion to his wife and baby girl released all the kindness and tenderness that had been repressed in the harsh world of finance.

He was a Jew, Annette a Roman Catholic. Whenever Annette broached the subject of their religious division Ernest would say, "Why worry about Heaven? Isn't this Heaven enough?"

Alas, the perfect marriage lasted only three years. To make his wife happy in her dying hours Ernest agreed to change his religion to hers.

She died with a smile on her face, but the almost demented husband could not work for six months.

When he did return to his office he began to toll like a man possessed—to build a fortune for his motherless child. Not once in the next 30 years did he relax his remorseless drive.

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Master Builder

NOW in business on his own, his operations were on a breath-taking scale. Everything he touched turned to gold.

He was one of the master-builders of modern Egypt. He first moulded the nation's finances, then carried through the colossal Nile irrigation scheme based on the Assuan Dam, which has been the keystone of Egyptian prosperity.

For this he was knighted. He reconstructed the finances of the Argentine, reorganised the Swedish railways, and raised China's great loan after her defeat by Japan.

At home, he amalgamated Vickers-Maxim with the Barrow Shipbuilding Works and was sponsor of the Central London Railway, the original "Two-penny Tube."

As he grew in stature as a world figure he was honoured by nations and kings.

He continued to shower love and luxuries on his only child. In 1901 she married Colonel Wilfrid Ashley, M.P. for Blackpool, who later became Lord Mount Temple.

A Power

SIR Ernest's philanthropy became a national wonder. His donations to medical research alone totalled more than £2,000,000.

These benefactions opened a friendship with King Edward VII.

Cassel became one of that powerful group of people round the Prince of Wales (and later the King) at the turn of the century.

The set included such diverse figures as the elegant and brilliant Portuguese aristocrat, the Marquis de Soveral, Sir Thomas Lipton, the poet, Glasgow boy who became a grocery millionaire; and the beautiful Mrs George Keppel, so close a friend of the King that Queen Alexandra led her to his death-bed.

Of all the men Sir Ernest Cassel was Edward's closest friend. In fact he was nicknamed "Windsor Cassel."

LOST FAITH

"We try to protect people from publicity," he said, when I asked about individuals healed through the Mission. He told one story, though, of a woman living in a London suburb, who had cancer. "She and her husband had dropped their prayer life, they'd got into a pretty low state over this cancer," Mr Wood said.

"The wife had lost faith, the husband had not quite lost it, and wrote to us."

Mr Wood, a short, dark, round-faced man, visited the woman. He performed the laying-on of hands. "I went back in a fortnight," he said. "My guidance was to get them back to their Communion. They did have Holy Communion, and I laid on hands again. Not long afterwards the woman got up."

"From the doctor's point of view," he said, "you won't prove that this woman's free of the disease unless she's free for 20 years. But at least she's alive, and she wasn't expected to be."

I asked Mr Wood whether faith healing could be used in the care of broken bones. He said: "There is on record the case of a woman whose wrist was confirmed as fractured by X-ray. She was anointed, and eight days later another X-ray was taken. It showed the fracture had healed."

In that case, Mr Wood said, the ministering healer had been the Rev. Jim Wilson of the Guild of Health. The healing happened two to three years ago, Mr Wood thought.

He quoted another case, of a child with a fractured base of the skull. This was in Kent, also two years ago. The child had been ministered to by Miss Dorothy Kestin, who for many years presided at healing in Ealing and now works at Groombridge.

"Four days after the little girl had been ministered to she was out in the fields, making hay," Mr Wood said.

The London Mission has nearly 500 Intercessors who pray for the sick and another 1,000 who keep in touch with it.

When sick people or their friends write to the Mission for help through prayer their names are distributed among the Intercessors who are divided into groups of ten. Each group receives four or five new names each month. Only the Christian names are used and bare details of the case are given.

"At the moment," said Mr Wood, "sufferers have to queue up to be prayed for."

"Generally," he said, "people come to us seeking help because they are not getting it from medical science. Every now and then a doctor will get into touch with us."

CANCER, TOO

I asked Mr Wood whether he considered spiritual healing as applicable to organic as to psychological disease. He said: "That is an artificial distinction. All illnesses, functional (or psychological) and organic, have a spiritual background."

"I would say cancer was a psychological thing with, behind it, fear, resentment, some inability to love. The division is old-fashioned; it can no longer be held because the medical profession realises that most illnesses have a mental condition, and we clergy know that behind the illness is a spiritual condition."

"Even infection from germs is for more liable if there is not spiritual health in a person."

He quoted a 13-year-old case in which it had been claimed that a 3½lb. malignant tumour had disappeared when its victim, a woman, was "in a vision."

I asked where that had taken place. "In America," Mr Wood said. "The woman is still living, and the case was described in her book, 'Everyman's Search,' by Rebecca Beard, the writer."

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THE FAITH HEALERS

Report No. 3... by HUGH CLELAND

THE two houses are completely different. One is a handsome Georgian building in the heart of medical London—Queen Anne Street, which cuts across Wimpole and Harley Streets. The other is a homely Victorian house in Bayswater.

Each is the headquarters of a spiritual healing organisation, though at each the subject is studied from widely different aspects.

The house in Queen Anne Street (named after Edward Wilson, the doctor on Scott's last expedition, who died with him in Antarctica) has recently been opened as headquarters of the Guild of Health.

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Mr. Wood
has a queue
of people seeking prayer

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His Death

SOME years later, trying to pick up the threads of life again, Cassel invited the teenage Edwina to act as hostess at Brook House.

How proud the old man would have been to have seen her married to Lord Louis Mountbatten—son of a former prince of his own native land and cousin to the King of his adopted country.

But death cheated Cassel again. He died a few months before the wedding.

Of the £6,000,000 he left most of it went in trust to Lady Mountbatten and her sister. His palace in Park Lane went to Edwina. A great block of luxury flats now stands upon the site of it, carrying the old name Brook House. On top of it Lady Mountbatten built a fabulous two-floor penthouse, but does not now occupy it.

Broadlands, her 80-roomed mansion set in 6,000 acres of magnificent parkland at Ramsey, Hunts, was a family inheritance on the death in 1839 of her father, who was the great-nephew and heir of the famous Lord Palmerston.

Students of heredity declare that the Countess Mountbatten inherited more than riches from her powerful grandfather. They see in her more than a trace of his brains, shrewd judgment, and bold personality. She is, they say, a chip off the old Cassel block.

NOTE: Countess Mountbatten passed through Hongkong last week on her way to Korea to visit British troops there.

A MUTTON CHOP BY TELEGRAM

So many people wanting money or favours—or both—pestered Bernard Shaw that he had postcards printed: "Please do not ask Mr. Bernard Shaw for money. He has not enough to help the large number of his readers who are in urgent need of it. He cannot write for you; he cannot finance you."

Jack Dempsey, dining with the late Lord Northcliffe at Carlton-gardens and apparently feeling that he owed his host some return for his entertainment, said: "I cannot make a speech and I cannot sing, but I'll fight anyone in this room."

Sickert, the painter, living in Brighton and suddenly peckish for a choice mutton chop of the sort he loved, would order one from his butcher by telegram.

These are three of many anecdotes about the famous and famous.

James Lasser

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Saturday 22nd, Wednesday 26th & Saturday, 29th March, 1952.

(Held under the Rules of the Hong Kong Jockey Club)

The First Bell will be rung at 11.30 a.m. and the first race will be run at 12.00 Noon, each day. The time interval is after the fourth race (1.30 p.m.).

There are twelve races each day (30 in all). Through Tickets at \$72.00 each may be obtained at the Comptroller Office of the Treasurers, 1st Floor, Telephone House, also ticket at \$2.00 each for the Cash Sweep on the last race of the Meeting on 29th March as well as the Special Cash Sweep on the "Hong Kong Derby" scheduled to be run on 31st May, 1952.

Through Tickets reserved for this Meeting but not paid for by 10.00 a.m. on Friday, 21st March, will be sold and the reservation cancelled for future meetings.

To avoid congestion at the Club's Offices at Telephone House, non-members are requested to purchase their sweep tickets at the Club's Branch Offices at—

5, D'Aguiar Street, Hong Kong or 382, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

TOTALISATOR

The attention of Totalisator-Investors is drawn to the following rules:—

Dividends will be paid on the winning and placed ponies so declared by the Stewards when the "All Clear" is given. The "All Clear" signal will be indicated by a white light at the Totalisator Tower. BACKERS ARE ADVISED NOT TO DESTROY OR THROW AWAY THEIR TICKETS UNTIL AFTER THE "ALL CLEAR" SIGNAL HAS BEEN EXHIBITED.

Totalisator Tickets should be examined and checked before leaving the Selling Counters as mistakes of any description cannot be rectified later. Cash received in respect of Dividends should be checked before leaving the Pay-Out Counters as no claim for short payment of the value of tickets presented can be entertained once Investor have left the Counters.

All winning tickets and tickets for refunds must be presented for payment at the Race Course on the day to which they refer, but none will be paid later than one hour after the time for which the last race of the day has been scheduled to be run. In no circumstances will any Dividends be paid or refunds made unless a ticket is produced. Payment WILL NOT be made on torn or disfigured tickets.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

SETS OF MEMBERS' AND LADIES' BADGES WHICH ARE BEING ISSUED FOR THE 1952 RACING SEASON ARE NOT VALID UNTIL 1ST APRIL, 1952. 1951 SETS ARE VALID UNTIL THEN.

Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting ladies not in possession of Brooches or Season tickets and gentlemen, non-members of the Club, to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10.00 per day including tax, for ladies or gentlemen are obtainable through the Secretary at Telephone House, on the written or personal introduction of a Member, such member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for payment of all bills, etc.

Only a limited number of badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will be on sale at the Race Course. The Branch Offices, the Treasurers' Comptroller Office and the Secretary's Office will close at 10.00 a.m. each day. The Treasurers' Comptroller Office and the Secretary's Office are situated at 1st Floor, Telephone House.

A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3.00 each day including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

BOOKMAKERS, TIC TAC MEN, ETC., WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PRECINCTS OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB. MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE IN THE RESTAURANT IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

SERVANTS' PASSES

Servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only, who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their employers' stands.

Owing to the congestion in the Members' Betting Hall and at Booths adjacent to Boxes in the Coffee Room, Box-holders and Members are requested to ensure that their servants make use only of the Public Betting Hall. Military Police will be posted at various points in the enclosure to ensure that this regulation is adhered to.

By Order,
H. MISA,
Secretary.

ENTRIES FOR COLONY ATHLETIC CHAMPIONSHIPS CLOSE ON FRIDAY

Entries for the Colony Athletic Championships, which will be held at Sookunpoo on Saturday and Sunday, April 5 and 6, close on Friday morning. There will be an additional event — the Hammer Throw — as there have been several requests for its inclusion.

The Inter-School Championships started this morning with the heats and preliminaries at Caroline Hill and will be continued on Thursday, with the finals being decided on Friday.

The Army Individual Championships will be contested on Friday and Saturday at Boundary Street. The list of best performances appended here will see new names and better performances by next Monday, but as it stands at present it gives a fair indication of the general standard of athletics in Hongkong this year and a guide to championship hopes.

Intending entrants who have applied for and not yet received entry forms are asked to contact Mr F. J. Tingy, the Hon. Secretary, at Tel. 32189 during office hours.

Best Performances in Hongkong in 1952

Best performances by Colony athletes in January, February and March follow:

100 YARDS

Stephen Xavier (La Salle) 10.2
Norman Lo (University) 10.3
Cheung Yui-hung (SCAA) 10.4
L/Cpl. Daniels (Army) 10.4
Shok Ka-lim (SCAA) 10.5
L. Shelley (Milecarians) 10.5
Fung Kuit-lee (Wah Yan) 10.7
Quentin Almon (KGVs) 10.7

100 METRES

Stephen Xavier (La Salle) 10.9
Cheung Yui-hung (SCAA) 11.2
L. Laureiro (La Salle) 11.2
L/Cpl. Daniels (Army) 11.3
Fung Kuit-lee (Wah Yan) 11.4
Wong Man-yan (SCAA) 11.4
Robert Wong (St Stephen's) 11.5
Y/O G.B.H. Norris (Milecarians) 11.6
Yeung Wing-kan (Wah Yan) 11.6
L. Bellamy (EYMCA) 11.6

200 METRES

Stephen Xavier (La Salle) 22.5
Sgt. Hamzah (RAF) 22.8
Shok Ka-lim (SCAA) 23.0
Norman Lo (University) 23.1
L. Laureiro (La Salle) 23.2
L. Bellamy (EYMCA) 23.2
Fung Kuit-lee (Wah Yan) 23.2
B. McCall (KGVs) 23.2
Lee Chiu-kei (SCAA) 23.2
Fung Kuit-lee (Wah Yan) 23.2
St. English (Police) 23.2

400 METRES

Norman Lo (University) 53.7
L/Cpl. T. E. Williams (Army) 53.7
Capt. Lambie (Milecarians) 53.7
Norman Lo (University) 53.7
Palmon Bencharat (DBS) 53.7
Lockwood (EYMCA) 53.7
Fung Kuit-lee (Wah Yan) 53.7
Ho Sal-hung (SCAA) 53.7
Hoi Sen-keung (University) 53.7

800 METRES

Sgt. J. P. MacMahon (EYMCA) 2:03.0
Leung Kam-ping (SCAA) 2:03.0
L. E. McCord (Milecarians) 2:03.0
Lo Wing-chuen (La Salle) 2:03.0
Norman Lo (University) 2:03.0
L. E. McCord (Milecarians) 2:03.0
Cfn. Frank Taylor (EYMCA) 2:03.0
Fung Kuit-lee (Wah Yan) 2:03.0
Cheung Yui-hung (SCAA) 2:03.0
Lee Shiu-chung (SCAA) 2:03.0
Chen Chiu-ken (Queen's) 2:03.0
M. Wilcox (KGVs) 2:03.0
Wong Kai-lee (SCAA) 2:03.0
Lo Wing-chuen (La Salle) 2:03.0
Lo Wing-chuen (La Salle) 2:03.0

ONE MILE

Sgt. J. P. MacMahon (EYMCA) 8:58.0
Sgt. Peter West (RAF) 8:58.0
Cfn. Frank Taylor (EYMCA) 8:58.0
L. E. McCord (Milecarians) 8:58.0
Sgt. Barnes (EYMCA) 8:58.0
Lee Shiu-chung (SCAA) 8:58.0
Chen Chiu-ken (Queen's) 8:58.0
M. Wilcox (KGVs) 8:58.0
Wong Kai-lee (SCAA) 8:58.0
Lo Wing-chuen (La Salle) 8:58.0
Lo Wing-chuen (La Salle) 8:58.0

THREE MILES

Sgt. Peter West (RAF) 15:12.0
Sgt. Peter West (RAF) 15:12.0
Cfn. Frank Taylor (EYMCA) 15:12.0
L. E. McCord (Milecarians) 15:12.0
Sgt. Barnes (EYMCA) 15:12.0
Lee Shiu-chung (SCAA) 15:12.0
Chen Chiu-ken (Queen's) 15:12.0
M. Wilcox (KGVs) 15:12.0
Wong Kai-lee (SCAA) 15:12.0
Lo Wing-chuen (La Salle) 15:12.0
Lo Wing-chuen (La Salle) 15:12.0

5,000 METRES

Sgt. Peter West (RAF) 39:38.0
L. E. McCord (Milecarians) 39:38.0
L/Cpl. Munson (Army) 39:38.0
Lo Wing-chuen (La Salle) 39:38.0
Wong Cheung-lam (SCAA) 39:38.0

110 METRES HURDLES

L. J. O. Cave (Milecarians) 1:35.0
Cheung Yui-hung (SCAA) 1:35.0
A. Colloco (La Salle) 1:35.0
Chan Wai-lam (Wah Yan) 1:35.0
Cheng Man-cho (DBS) 1:35.0
U. R. Ship (St Stephen's) 1:35.0
Paul Yip (University) 1:35.0

400 METRES HURDLES

A. Colloco (La Salle) 4:03.0
Tpr. H. Carlton (Army) 4:03.0
L. J. O. Cave (Milecarians) 4:03.0
Ho Sal-hung (SCAA) 4:03.0
Hing Chu-yang (SCAA) 4:03.0
Ng Tak-chung (Kowloon City) 4:03.0

HIGH JUMP

Peter Grant (EYMCA) 5:0.0
Ling Sun (Wah Yan) 5:0.0
George Thumby (La Salle) 5:0.0
Yan Wai-lam (Kowloon City) 5:0.0
Ding Wai (DBS) 5:0.0
L. Fortune (RASC) 5:0.0
Sgt. Walker (Army) 5:0.0
Capt. Hui (Wah Yan) 5:0.0
Gtr. Myrton (173 Loc. Bty.) 5:0.0

POLE VAULT

Yee Tai-kwan (SCAA) 10:0.0
P/Sgt. K.E. Wake (RAF) 10:0.0
Kwang Lau-chin (SCAA) 10:0.0
Gtr. Myrton (173 Loc. Bty.) 10:0.0
Ng Yui-chung (Wah Yan) 10:0.0
Jg. W. W. (Wah Yan) 10:0.0
Jg. Livermore (Milecarians) 10:0.0
Pte. Smythe (PUB) 10:0.0
L. Quinlan (45 Field RA) 10:0.0

LONG JUMP

Sgt. T. Moyman (Army) 21:2.0
S/Sgt. (R. Engineers) 21:2.0
Chan Wai-lam (SCAA) 21:2.0
Ding Wai (DBS) 21:2.0
Pte. Humphreys (RASC) 21:2.0
L. T. Carpenter (Milecarians) 21:2.0
Ng Yui-chung (Wah Yan) 21:2.0
L/Cpl. Lowe (RTR) 21:2.0
Hutchins (45 Field RA) 21:2.0
Cheng Man-cho (DBS) 21:2.0

HOP, STEP & JUMP

Cheung Yui-hung (SCAA) 43:2.0
Sgt. Heding (RASC) 43:2.0
Sgt. T. Moyman (Army) 43:2.0
S/Sgt. (R. Engineers) 43:2.0
L. T. Carpenter (Milecarians) 43:2.0
Ng Yui-chung (Wah Yan) 43:2.0
Shok Ka-lim (SCAA) 43:2.0
Sgt. Abbotts (23 Field RA) 43:2.0
Gtr. Myrton (173 Loc. Bty.) 43:2.0
Cpl. Leung (Middlesex) 43:2.0
L/Cpl. Lowe (RTR) 43:2.0

SHOT PUT

Chan Wai-lam (SCAA) 37:0.5
Cpl. Douglas (Army) 37:0.5
McAvery (EYMCA) 37:0.5
Rdr. Hall (27 HAA) 37:0.5
Lt. Arnold (45 Field RA) 37:0.5
RSM (Middlesex) 37:0.5
Dvr. Humphreys (RASC) 37:0.5
Cpl. Leung (Middlesex) 37:0.5
Parker (EYMCA) 37:0.5

DISCUS THROW

Lt. P. P. (27 HAA) 109:2.0
Cpl. (27 HAA) 109:2.0
Cpl. (27 HAA) 109:2.0
Cpl. (27 HAA) 109:2.0
Cpl. (27 HAA) 109:2.0
Cpl. (27 HAA) 109:2.0
Cpl. (27 HAA) 109:2.0
Cpl. (27 HAA) 109:2.0
Cpl. (27 HAA) 109:2.0
Cpl. (27 HAA) 109:2.0

JAVELIN THROW

Chan Wai-lam (SCAA) 102:4.0
Edr. Reeves (Army) 102:4.0
L. Fothergill (Middlesex) 102:4.0
Lt. P. P. (27 HAA) 102:4.0
Mace (REME) 102:4.0
Butler (27 HAA) 102:4.0
Sgt. Heding (RASC) 102:4.0
Stevens (Army) 102:4.0
Spr. Whitehead (Middlesex) 102:4.0
RSM Weller (Middlesex) 102:4.0

GIRLS' EVENTS

100 YARDS

Lam Kuei-lan (SCAA) 12:0.0
Wong Yee-man (SCAA) 12:0.0
Poon Ching-woon (Pui To) 12:0.0
Shirley (EYMCA) 12:0.0
Fok Wing-hung (SCAA) 12:0.0
Joyce Au-Yang (University) 12:0.0
Dorothy Hurlbut (KGVs) 12:0.0
Julia Tingy (KGVs) 12:0.0
Jennifer Hart (KGVs) 12:0.0

200 METRES

Wong Yee-man (SCAA) 24:0.0
Julia Tingy (KGVs) 24:0.0
Lam Kuei-lan (SCAA) 24:0.0
Jennifer Hart (EYMCA) 24:0.0
Joan Atherton (EYMCA) 24:0.0
Shirley Winton (KGVs) 24:0.0

400 METRES

Julia Tingy (KGVs) 52:0.0
Corin Crozier (KGVs) 52:0.0
Rita Hall (KGVs) 52:0.0
Margaret Mackerell (SCAA) 52:0.0
Chan Chee-yuk (SCAA) 52:0.0
Leung Sau-hang (Clement) 52:0.0
Wu Man-yan (SCAA) 52:0.0
Poon Ching-woon (Pui To) 52:0.0

NOTICE

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

The light signals hitherto used to signify that an objection has been lodged and the result thereof have been amended as follows:—

Objection. RED Square with white border.
Objection Sustained. BLUE Square with white border.
Objection Overruled. YELLOW Square with white border.

These signals will be exhibited on the Totalisator Tower in the positions, previously occupied by the signal lights and the Spheres will be dispensed with.

The objection signal only (Red square with White border) will flash for a short period before it becomes static.

The "All Clear" signal will be indicated by a White light and will be exhibited below the objection signals.

H. MISA,

Secretary.

A SOCCER SWEEP FOR ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE



Gordon Channing, captain of St. Joseph's College Junior Soccer XI, receives the Lugard Bowl for the Schools' Junior Soccer League Championship from the Director of Education, the Hon. D. J. S. Crozier.



The St. Joseph's College Senior and Junior teams with Mr "Bert" Tennel and the Rev. Bro. Cronan and the four trophies they won — the Archie Goldenberg Cup, the David Louie Memorial Cup, the Lugard Bowl and the Walter Pryde Memorial Cup. — China Mail Photos.

Ewo's Defeat Of Middlesex Was The Only Surprise Of First Seven-a-Side Round

By "HANLINCODE"

The commencement of the Rugger Blarney Stone Seven-a-side Charity Shield was watched by a goodly and appreciative crowd on Saturday afternoon at Sookunpoo. The brilliant sunshine suited the spectators and made the outing perfect in view of the enthusiasm shown by each and every one of the competing teams.

Up to the close of play, when 13 of the opening matches had been played off, the only surprise was the defeat of the Middlesex Regiment, minus their star Clayden, by Ewo (Jardines).

Apart from this upset, all the other games went according to expectation, although many present thought that Club "A" were extremely lucky to win their match against 3rd Royal Tank "A".

I will give here a brief resume of the matches as they were played off.

A good hard game with little science, but most enjoyable to watch.

AA W/S REME 0-RAF "B" 10.

In Hamzah the Fliers have a potential match winner, if they utilise his speed to the best advantage.

Dampier Penguins 3-Club "B" 8

Superior football knowledge won Club this game, but Dampier are to be congratulated on a very fine showing. Dampier's senior seven will be watched with interest.

Tamar Tigers 10-RAF "A" 0

In Tamar we have a potential finalist, but they have Club "A" to meet before that. Definitely one of the two best teams on view, but one must remember, against little opposition. Why the Fliers played beyond my comprehension.

Most of the spectators seemed to be of the opinion that RAF could have fielded a better "A" seven.

Talks 6-Willshire "B" 3

Talks (B. & S.) won after extra time. Next to the Club Talks duel this was the most exciting game of the afternoon.

HKPT School 6-6 FOD (RAOC) 16

In the losing seven were three Chinese players. They looked keen and enjoyed themselves. This augurs well for next season.

27 HAA "B" 0-HK Police "A" 3

In this match the Police "A" were extremely lucky to win, 27th put up a stout effort. The winners did not seem to settle down at all well and must use

their heads a little more if they wish to go much further.

Royal Northumberland Fusiliers 0-Willshire "A" 13

RNE after the first few minutes did not impress. Wilts should have had a higher score. They could, and probably will, do better in their next match.

Argvies "B" 0-45 Field "B" 11

A good game and 45th played extremely well.

Waykong 20-34 LAA RGT 0

Waykong, the holders, worked very well together and showed really good form. They will most likely meet 58th in the semi-final, which duel should be worth seeing.

Ewo 3-Middlesex 0

Well played, Ewo! This game definitely showed what determination can do in seven. A very enjoyable match to watch.

58 Medium Hct, 19-H.K.

Police "B" 0

As the result shows, 58 are quite a team and this without Jack Thomas who is, at the moment, ill. The Police included two Chinese players in the side and one was notably fast.

Club "A" 6-3rd Royal Tanks "A" 5

This was a close call for Club "A" and it is worth mentioning that they never crossed the Tanks' line. All their points came from two penalties. This was a most exciting game to watch.

The Referees who attended so willingly and well were Messrs. Evans, Dodds, Somerville, Forsgate and McClintock.

INTERNATIONAL FINAL

The International Finals match that was played off on Sunday afternoon at the Navy Ground, Causeway Bay at 4.00 p.m. was quite a good game to watch. The Welshman after reorganizing their attack and being without their star players, Thomas and T. Roberts, did extremely well.

There was no doubt at all about England being the winner, by some 10 points to 3 points, but the Taffies played a hard, enthusiastic game and the crowd enjoyed the match and appreciated the summer-like weather, even if the players wished for

RUGBY LEAGUE CUP DRAW

London, Sat. 17.

The Rugby League Cup semi-final draw made today resulted:

Warrington v. Wakefield; Leigh v. Featherstone Rovers.

The matches are scheduled to be played on March 29.—Reuter.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO		
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 19th Mar.
"HUPEH"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 23rd Mar.
"FENGTEH"	Singapore, Djakarta, Cheribon, Semarang, Sourabaya & Macassar	5 p.m. 24th Mar.
"SOOCHOW"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 25th Mar.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 25th Mar.
"FOYANG"	Sibu	3 p.m. 26th Mar.
"FENGTEH"	Singapore	3 p.m. 28th Mar.
"SHANGHAI"	Hongkong, Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 29th Mar.
"HANYANG"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 30th Mar.

* Sails from Canton Wharf

ARRIVALS FROM		
"HUPEH"	Tientsin	19th Mar.
"FENGTEH"	Nagasaki	22nd Mar.
"SOOCHOW"	Kobe	23rd Mar.
"FOYANG"	Sibu	23rd Mar.
"FENGTEH"	Singapore	23rd Mar.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	23rd Mar.
"SHANGHAI"	Singapore	27/28th Mar.
"SOOCHOW"	Indonesia & Singapore	28th Mar.
"HUNAN"	Hakodate	31st Mar.

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO		
"TAIPING"	Sydney & Melbourne	28th Mar.
"CHANGSHA"	Manila, Sydney & Melbourne (for passengers only)	28th Mar.
"CHANGTE"	Japan	24th Apr.

ARRIVALS FROM		
"TAIPING"	Yokohama	23rd Mar.
"CHANGSHA"	Yokohama	28th Mar.
"CHANGTE"	Australia & Manila	20th Apr.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said

"CLYTONUS"	Cena, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg via Manila	22nd Mar.
"ANCHISES"	Dublin Liverpool & Avonmouth	28th Mar.
"PATROCLUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Apr.
"AENEAS"	Dublin & Liverpool	20th Apr.

Scheduled sailings from Europe

Sails	Sails	Arrives
G. "PATROCLUS"	Liverpool	18th Mar.
S. "ASTYANAX"	do	24th Mar.
G. "AENEAS"	do	1st Apr.
S. "ASCANUS"	do	9th Apr.
G. "PERSEUS"	do	17th Apr.
S. "AGAPENOR"	18th Mar.	24th Apr.
G. "CALCHAS"	25th Mar.	1st May
G. "AUTOMEDON"	5th Apr.	11th May

G. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool.
S. Loading Swansea before Liverpool.
Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

DE LA RAMA LINES

SAILING for KINGSTON & NEW YORK via JAPAN
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & PANAMA CANAL

"AJAX"	24th Apr.
ARRIVING via MANILA FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS	
"DONA NATI"	18th Mar.
"ANDAMAN"	10th Apr.

Eastern Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K.
HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4)	8.00 a.m. Mon. Thurs.	8.45 a.m. Tues. Fri.
(Connects at Bangkok with U.S.A. to Hongkong)		
HK/Hanoi/Haiphong (DC-3)	10.00 a.m. Tues.	2.15 p.m. Wed.
HK/Singapore/Singapore (DC-4)	12.00 Noon Tues.	4.15 p.m. Wed.
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo (DC-3)	8.30 a.m. Tues. Fri.	3.45 p.m. Wed. Sat.

All the above subject to Alteration without notice.
For passage and Freight Particulars please apply to

1 CONNAUGHT RD. G. TEL 30331/3
BRANCH OFFICE: 50 CONNAUGHT RD. W. TEL 25 875/321/4/5/24878

BENGLINE

SHIPS	FROM	DUE
"BENATOW"	U.K. via Singapore	18th Mar.
"BENAVON"	Japan	22nd Mar.
"BENLEDI"	U.K. via Singapore	on or abt. 30th Mar.
"BENOLEUCH"	U.K. via Singapore	18th Apr.
"BENRUACHAN"	Japan	24th Apr.
"BENMACDHUI"	U.K. via Singapore	25th Apr.

SAILINGS

SHIPS	FROM	DUE
"BENATOW"	London & Hamburg	21st Mar.
"BENAVON"	Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin & Hull	23rd Mar.
"BENLEDI"	Kure, Yokohama & Kobe	5th Apr.
"BENOLEUCH"	Avonmouth, Liverpool, Glasgow & Antwerp	22nd Apr.
"BENRUACHAN"	Direct to Singapore, thence Havre, London & Hamburg	24th Apr.
"BENMACDHUI"	Kure, Yokohama & Kobe	28th Apr.

3 Cais Manila, Tawau, Sandakan, Jesselton & Labuan.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (CHINA) LTD.

Yoyk Building. Telephone 34166.

CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG

PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOONS)

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KOWLOON OFFICE: Salisbury Road, Telephone: 52518.

Classified

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20 WORDS \$4.00

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Personal \$5.00 per insertion

not exceeding 25 words, 25

cents each additional word.

ALTERNATE INSERTIONS

10% EXTRA

If not prepaid a booking fee

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HOTELS

AUSTIN APARTMENTS, 140-142, Austin Road, Kowloon. Phone 3097, 3205. No. 10 bus will reach the apartments. Modern facilities and equipment, satisfactory service and excellent environment. All rooms furnished and kitchen provided. Special rate for monthly payment of rent.

FOR SALE

INDUS White upsize air mail envelopes size 9" x 4" 25 for \$1.50, 100 for \$3. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

YE OLDE MILL A distinctive hand-made stationery. In boxes, 50 sheets, 100 envelopes. Post \$1.50, \$2.50 per box, Duke Post, \$1.50 per box from "S. C. M. Post."

WEIGHTS AND MEASUREMENTS of cargo exported from Hongkong and South China, compiled by the Sworn Measurers, 115 from the "S. C. M. Post."

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE 1932 Annual Return Forms are on sale at "S. C. M. Post."

NOTICE

HONG KONG AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

The Annual General Meeting of the Hong Kong Automobile Association will be held in the HONG KONG HOTEL ROOF GARDEN on THURSDAY, 27th March, 1952 at 5.30 p.m.

All Members are particularly urged to attend.

By Order,
Pent, Marwick, Mitchell & Co.
Secretaries & Treasurers.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

"MAERSK LINE"

m/v "NICOLINE MAERSK"

having arrived from New York and

ports of call, consignees of cargo

are hereby notified that their goods

are being landed and placed at their

final port of call to which the option

of delivery may be obtained as soon as

the goods are landed.

Optional cargo will not be landed

here, unless notice has been given 48

hours prior to vessel's arrival, but

carried on from port to port to their

final port of call to which the option

extends.

No claims will be admitted after

the goods have left the Godown, and

all goods remaining undelivered

after the 24th March, 1952, will be

subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged

goods are to be left in the Godown,

where they will be examined on

22nd March, 1952, at 10 a.m. by our

Surveyors Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded

Warehouse Regulations consignees

must have a Revenue Order in at-

tendance when damaged dutiable

goods are examined.

All claims must reach us before

the 17th April, 1952 or they will not

be recognised.

No insurance will be effected.

J. H. HEN & CO.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 17th March, 1952.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

m/v "CLYTONUS"

Damaged cargo ex this vessel will

be surveyed at Jolly Wharf between

10 a.m. and Noon on March 19 and

20, 1952, and consignees are requested

to have their representatives present

during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Agents.

Hongkong, March 17, 1952.

U.S. Army Mission To Stay In Iran For Time Being

Washington, Mar. 17.

The State Department spokesman, Michael McDermott, announced today that the United States Army Training Mission will remain in Iran temporarily to give the American and Iranian Governments time to work out an agreement for its continued operation.

The agreement under which the United States administration and supply training mission is functioning in Iran expires on March 20.

The group is distinct from the Military Aid Mission which has ceased to function in Iran. The latter mission was involved in the training of Iranian soldiers in handling and the use of military equipment provided by the United States.

When the Iranian Government declined to sign a new mutual security agreement with the United States the mission's activities were suspended on Jan. 20 last.

Mr McDermott told a Press briefing that the administration and supply mission had been functioning in Iran since 1943. The group is headed by Major-General Wayne Zimmerman, 41, who is restricted to instructing Iranian soldiers on procedures and methods in the field of logistics.

Mr McDermott said that the Zimmerman mission had been operating in Iran under a bilateral agreement renewed annually since 1947. The Iranian Government had not yet accepted a proposed renewal of the accord for the year beginning this March 20.

TIME TO CONSULT

"The United States Government consented to allow the mission to remain in Iran temporarily under the same conditions as heretofore so that the two Governments might have sufficient time to consult regarding the future of the mission," Mr McDermott said. He declined to speculate how long the Zimmerman group might continue to operate without any agreement.

Border Shooting

London, Mar. 17.

Yugoslav soldiers today shot and killed a man in an Albanian soldier's uniform on the Yugoslav border, the Tanjug news agency reported in a broadcast monitored here.

The despatch said that the Yugoslav patrol encountered three armed men 600 feet inside Yugoslav territory and opened fire.—United Press.

P&O B.I.E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Arrives Hongkong
"CANTON"	6th March	7th April
"CARTHAGE"	2nd April	4th May
"CHUSAN"	6th April	8th May

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CANTON"	11th April	12th May
"CHUSAN"	8th May	2nd June
"CARTHAGE"	9th May	9th June

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden & London.

FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Due Hongkong	From
"SULAT"	3rd April	London & Continent
Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	For
"SOCOTRA"	18th March	London & Continent

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Genoa, Marseilles, London, Hamburg, Antwerp & Rotterdam, with liberty to call at Bombay if inducement offers.

Tanks available for carriage of oil in bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited passenger accommodation.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"WARORA"	due 10th March	from Chittagong, Allahabad, Penang & Spore
"SANTHA"	sails 10th March	for Japan
	due 27th March	from Calcutta, Madras, Penang & Singapore
"SIRDHANA"	sails 28th March	for Japan
	due 29th March	from Japan
	sails 30th March	for Singapore, Penang, Hongkong & Calcutta

(These vessels have refrigerated cargo space)

P. & O. B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"URLANA"	due 22nd March	from Japan
	sails 23rd March	for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay & Karachi
"PEMBA"	due 21st March	from Karachi, Colombo & Spore
	sails 22nd March	for Japan

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"EASTERN"	due 6th April	from Sydney & Brisbane
"NANKIN"	sails 16th April	for Japan
	due 26th April	from Japan
	sails 2nd May	for Port Moresby, Sydney & Adelaide

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

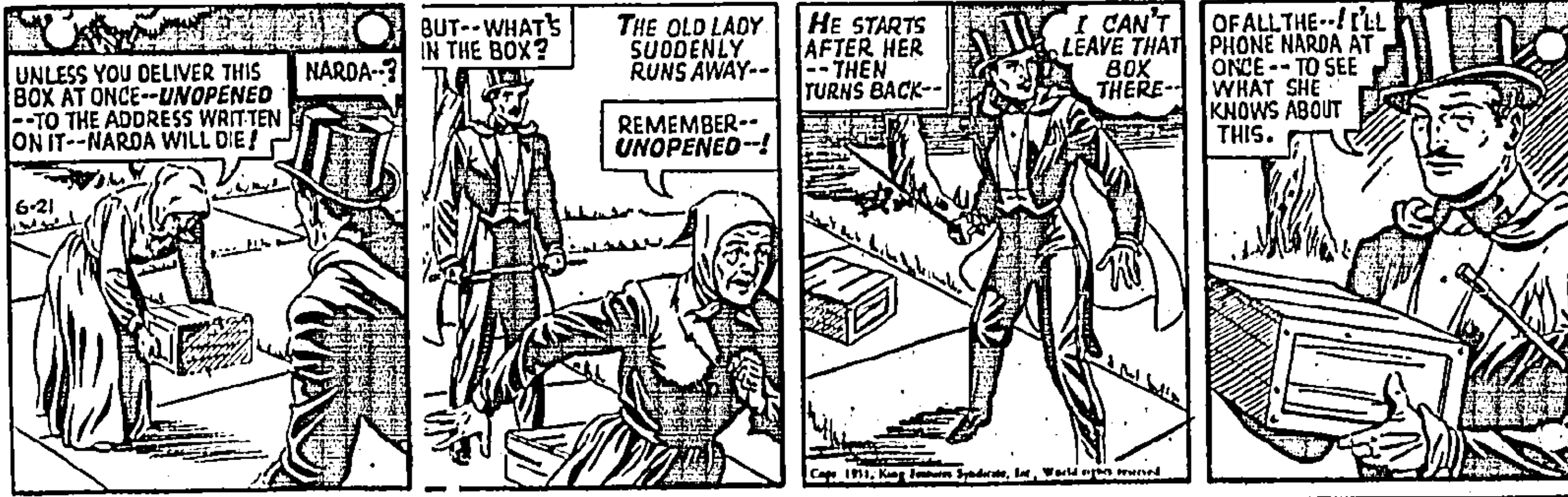
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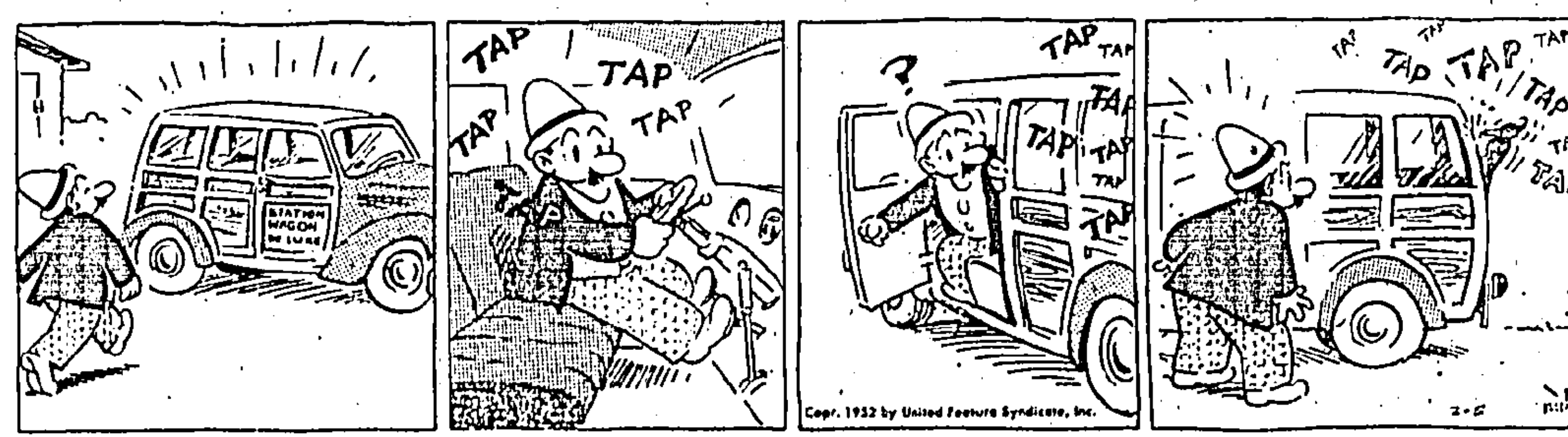
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



FERD'NAND

Knock-About Sedan

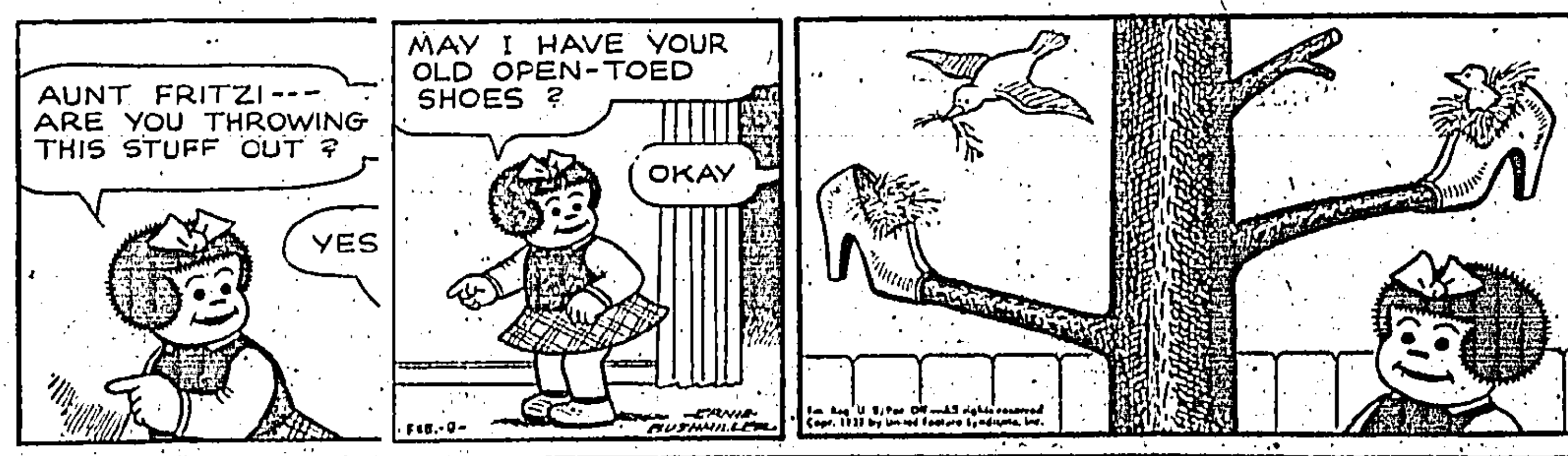
By Milk



NANCY

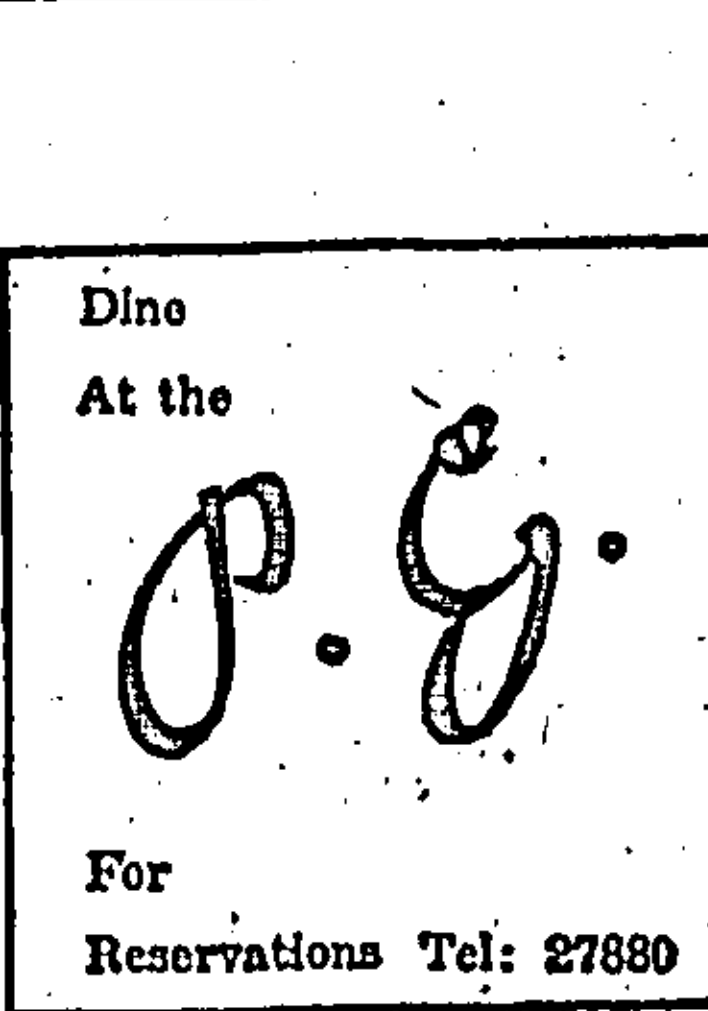
If It Fits, Use It

By Ernie Bushmiller



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



Devil's Isle Man Tells Grim Tale

Paris, Mar. 17.
Emile Courgette, who escaped from Devil's Island 30 years ago, and for the past 14 years lived as a respectable married businessman in the United States, came home to France this week-end.

Courgette, now 54, returned of his own free will to face a charge that he helped Emile Buisson, former French Public Enemy No. 1, in a bank hold-up. One of the cashiers was killed, Courgette was about to become a naturalised American when the French police traced him.

At the Surete Nationale, Paris, he told his story. "It began in 1919 when I killed a woman."

"On leave in Paris I met a girl who became my mistress. In a fit of anger, during an argument, I knifed her. I was sentenced to eight years' hard labour and deported to Devil's Island."

"Three years later four of us got through the jungle to Dutch Guiana." Thence he went via British Guiana to Venezuela. He fell ill. "A native woman looked after me. I stayed three years and we had two children." Later, in Spain, he met Buisson, and in 1933 returned to France. Police got on his track, and he left with Buisson for Shanghai, where he ran a gambling den.

Back in Europe, in 1937, Buisson and his gang raided a bank at Troyes. All but Courgette were arrested. He was sentenced to life in prison for hard labour for life. "I stayed there for 14 years," said Courgette, "and in the last 14 years I have lived as a respectable married businessman in the United States."



ON SALE IN SHOPS THAT SELL THE BEST



